

## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION V

DATE: December 17, 1986

SUBJECT: DEIS for Jefferson/Conner Industrial Revitalization Project

Bonnie L. Eleder BLC FROM: Remedial Project Manager

Tom Nowicki

TO: Environmental Review Branch

The following are my comments and recommendations on the first revision of the DEIS named above dated December 15, 1986.

- 1. Page 14 Records Search: A records search should also be made for CERCLA notification of the Study area.
- 2. Page 17 Geophysical Investigation Methods: (1) One method should be employed for drilling all the bore holes in order to maintain consistency of results (to maintain your quality control). (2) Why is the 2nd 12 inches of soil/material not to be sampled? It is recommended it be included in order to obtain a complete picture of subsurface conditions. (3) Which wells are temporary wells? Will they be constructed differently from permanent wells? Once again, for all groundwater monitoring wells, the method of construction should be the same in order to maintain your quality control.
- 3. Page 17 Characterization of Waste: (1) For hazardous wastes, the procedures outlined in 40 CFR 261, the determination of a hazardous waste, must be followed. An initial analysis "for only those materials for which there is reason to suspect a presence" may not comply with the regulations. (2) How long will the sample splits be retained? Lab protocols specify time periods for storage of samples by the parameters they are to be analyzed for. (3) "If groundwater is not available...a mid-level (soil) sample will be analyzed". What is the rationale here? Comment #2 has recommended that the mid-level depth (second 12 inches) be sampled at the same time as the top (first 12 inches) & bottom (third 12 inches). (4) What procedures, equipment will be used for the collection of groundwater samples?
- 4. Page 20 Storm Sewer Sampling: A more definitive rationale for selecting parameters for sample analysis should be developed. Selecting parameters based on those contaminants found in the greatest concentrations may overlook contaminants while in lesser concentrations, are more toxic.
- 5. Page 20-21 Sections 3 and 4: These two sections should be switched. The Remediation Plan would be better organized if the remedial actions plans were prepared based on those actions selected.

6. Page 22: It is recommended that Quality Assurance/Quality Control, and Safety, be addressed as part of the DEIS. QA/QC protocols are an integral part of sample collection, handling, and analysis protocols.

bcc: N. Niedergang. CES B. Franz, ERB

DATE: December 17, 1956 TO: Jom Monusicki, Env. Review Branch FROM: Bonnu & Elean, CES SUBJECT: DEIS for Sufferson Monner Industrial Revitalization Project The following are my comments and recommendations on the first revision of the DEIS named above dated December 15, 1986. 1. Page 14 - Records Search: A records search should also be made for CERCIA notifications of the study 2. Page 17 - Geostypical Investigation Methods: One method should be employed for dulling all the bore holes in order to naintain consistency of results (main tain you quality control). Owhy is the 2rd 12 where of soil/material not to be campled? It is recommended it be included in order to obtain a complete picture of subsurface conditions 3 which wells are temporary wells. Will they be constructed differently from permanent wells? Once again, for all groundwater monitoring wells see the method of construction should be the same in order to maintain your quality control. 3. Page 17- Characterization of waste Dos hazardous waster, the procedures outlined in GCFR 261, the determination of a hazardous waste, must

be followed an initial analysis for only those materials for which there is reason to suspect a presence" may not comply with the regulations. @ How long will the sample splits be retained? Feels protocols specify time periods for storage of samples by the parameters they are to be analyzed for. @ If groundwater is not available... a mid-level (soil) sample will be analyzed." What is the rationale here? Comment #2 has recommended that the mea-level depth (second 12 inches) be sampled at the same time as the top (first 12 in ches) & bottom there & inches). (4) What procedures, equipment will be used for the collection of groundwater samples? 4. Page 20- Storm Sewer Sampling: a more definitive rationale for selecting parameters for sample analysis should be developed. Selecting parameters based on those contaminants found in the greatest concentrations may overlook contaminants in lesses concentrations, are more toxic 5. Pages 20-21 - Sections 3 and 4: These two sections should be switched. The remediation ran would be better organized for remedial actions plans were prepared based on those actions selecte Hage 22: weality assurance Tquality control, and safety, xounded be addressed as part

of the DEIS. QA/QC protocols are an

integral part of sample and analysis protocols	e collection, handling,
and analysis protocols	
- <u> </u>	
1/180-	
bee: N. Niedergang	·
70.70000000	